Math 32 Quiz

GSI: Theo Johnson-Freyd http://math.berkeley.edu/~theojf/08Fall32/

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Name:	Score:	/10
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You have twenty minutes to complete this quiz. You may not use calculators or notes, but the chalkboards are yours.

1. (2 pts) Simplify the expression:

$$\left(2^{3+\sqrt{3}}2^{3-\sqrt{3}}\right)^{1/2}$$

$$(2^{3+\sqrt{3}}2^{3-\sqrt{3}})^{1/2} = (2^{(3+\sqrt{3})+(3-\sqrt{3})})^{1/2}$$

$$= (2^6)^{1/2}$$

$$= 2^{6(1/2)}$$

$$= 2^3 = \boxed{8}$$

2. (3 pts) Simplify the expression:

$$\ln e + \ln \sqrt{e} + \ln 1 + \ln(e^{\ln 10})$$

$$\ln e + \ln \sqrt{e} + \ln 1 + \ln(e^{\ln 10}) = 1 + \frac{1}{2} \ln e + 0 + \ln 10$$
$$= 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \ln 10 = \boxed{\frac{3}{2} + \ln 10}$$

- 3. (2 pts) Which is larger, $\log_3 30$ or $\log_5 120$? Why? $\log_3 30 \text{ is bigger than but roughly} \log_3 27 = 3, \text{ whereas } \log_5 120 \lesssim \log_5 125 = 3. \text{ Hence } \log_3 30 \text{ is larger.}$
- 4. (3 pts) Graph the function $y = \log_2(4-x)$. Be sure to find the values of all horizontal and vertical intercepts and asymptotes.

