

MATH 53 28 Jan 08

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① Last time, we considered a rotating line orbiting another line. A point on the perimeter of the moving line follows a parameterized curve

$$x = 2r \sin \theta - r \sin 2\theta$$

$$y = 2r \cos \theta - r \cos 2\theta$$

(a) What is the area inscribed by this curve?

(b) What is the line tangent to the curve at time θ ?

② More generally, consider a rotating planet orbiting in a perfect circle in the plane. A person ~~on~~ standing on the surface of the planet follows a path

$$x = R \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{\text{year}} t\right) - r \sin\left(\frac{2\pi}{\text{day}} t\right)$$

$$y = R \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{\text{year}} t\right) - r \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{\text{day}} t\right)$$

where "year" and "day" are the length periods of the orbit and the rotation, and r is the radius of the planet and R is the distance from the center of the planet to the center of the sun. What is the speed of the person's path through space?