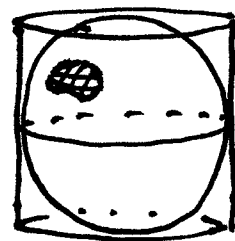
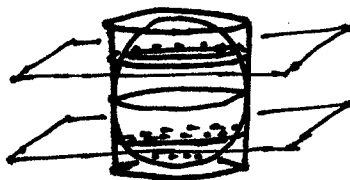


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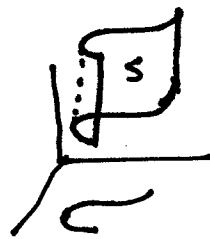
① Warm-up: Consider a sphere inscribed in a cylinder, and slice the figure by two planes perpendicular to the axis of the cylinder. Show that the surface area of the part of the sphere between the two planes is equal to the surface area of the part of the cylinder.



Find a similar statement for an arbitrary region on the sphere and corresponding region on the cylinder (i.e. what is the correct corresponding region?)

② (a) In the special case when your surface S is vertical, ^{with constant height} and your vector field does not depend on z , relate the surface integral of a vector field over S to a line integral.

(b) When S is a cylinder over an arbitrary simple closed curve, and \vec{F} is a vector field that does not depend on z , prove the divergence theorem that



$$\oint_S \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{S} = \iiint_{\text{interior of } S} (\text{div } \vec{F}) dx dy dz$$

Hint: the top and bottom cancel.



(c) In the case in (a), prove Stokes's theorem:

$$\oint_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot d\vec{S} = \oint_{\partial S} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$