

Math 1A: Discussion Exercises

GSI: Theo Johnson-Freyd

<http://math.berkeley.edu/~theo/f/09Spring1A/>

Find two or three classmates and a few feet of chalkboard. As a group, try your hand at the following exercises. Be sure to discuss how to solve the exercises — *how* you get the solution is much more important than *whether* you get the solution. If as a group you agree that you all understand a certain type of exercise, move on to later problems. You are not expected to solve all the exercises: in particular, the last few exercises may be very hard.

Many of the exercises are from *Single Variable Calculus: Early Transcendentals for UC Berkeley* by James Stewart; these are marked with an §. Others are my own, or are independently marked.

u-substitutions

1. § Evaluate the indefinite integral by making the suggested substitution:

(a) $\int e^{-x} dx, u = -x$

(c) $\int \cos^3 \theta \sin \theta d\theta, u = \cos \theta$

(b) $\int x^2 \sqrt{x^3 + 1} dx, u = x^3 + 1$

(d) $\int \frac{\sec^2(1/x)}{x^2} dx, u = 1/x$

2. § Evaluate the indefinite integral:

(a) $\int x \sin(x^2) dx$

(e) $\int \frac{dx}{5 - 3x}$

(b) $\int (3x - 2)^{20} dx$

(f) $\int \sin \pi t dt$

(c) $\int (3t + 2)^{2.4} dx$

(g) $\int \frac{x}{x^2 + 1} dx$

(d) $\int (x + 1) \sqrt{2x + x^2} dx$

(h) $\int \frac{a + bx^2}{\sqrt{3ax + bx^3}} dx$

3. § Evaluate the definite integral:

(a) $\int_0^2 (x - 1)^{25} dx$

(d) $\int_0^\pi \sec^2(t/4) dt$

(b) $\int_0^1 x^2(1 + 2x^3)^5 dx$

(e) $\int_{1/6}^{1/2} \csc \pi t \cot \pi t dt$

(c) $\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} x \cos(x^2) dx$

(f) $\int_{-\pi/6}^{\pi/6} \tan^3 \theta d\theta$

4. Find the indefinite integral: $\int \frac{ax + b}{x^2 + 1} dx$

5. § Evaluate $\int_{-2}^2 (x + 3) \sqrt{4 - x^2} dx$ by writing it as the sum of two integrals: interpret one as an area and evaluate the other using a substitution.