Math 1A: Quiz 12 GSI: Theo Johnson-Freyd

Name: _____

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You must always justify your answers. This means: show your work, show it neatly, and when in doubt, use words (and pictures!) to explain your reasoning. No justification = no points.

1. (4 pts) Evaluate $\int_0^2 (2 + \sqrt{4 - x^2}) dx$ by interpreting the definite integral as an area. Do not use the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus.

2. (6 pts) Find an expression for $\int_1^3 e^x dx$ as a limit of sums. Do not evaluate the expression.

3. (bonus) Without using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus, evaluate the limit from question 2. *First Hint:* You may use the following fact without proof:

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} a^{i} = a + a^{2} + \dots + a^{n} = \frac{a^{n+1} - a}{a - 1} = a \frac{a^{n} - 1}{a - 1}$$
for any $a \neq 1$

Second Hint: You will probably need to use L'Hospital's Rule. When you do, you may find that it's easier to first make a substitution: $u = \frac{1}{n}$, $\lim_{n \to \infty} f(n) = \lim_{u \to 0^+} f(1/u)$.