

Semi simple higher categories

[After Douglas - Reutter]
JF - Gaiotto

A s.s. ~~1~~ⁿ-cat / \mathbb{K} is

I owe you

n-category version

• linear

• additive and

Karoubi complete

very mild version of abelian

just insists on split kernels + cokernels

• every object should decompose as a \oplus of simple objects.

$0 \neq X$ is simple if any nonzero map



s.t. G
 id_X

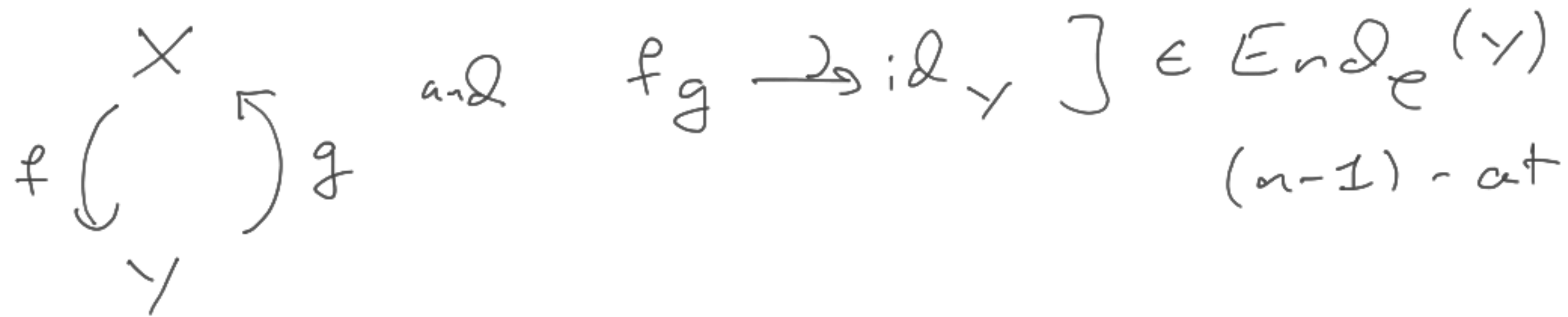
is a surjection.

Split



I owe you

In n -cat \mathcal{C} , $X \twoheadrightarrow Y$ is the data of:



\mathcal{C} is Karoubi complete if every idempotent $e \in \mathcal{C}^X$ factors through a split surjection. $e \cong gf$.

An idempotent is everything gf is if you have such f, g but exists, it's unique.



The "split surjection" m is associative. m, Δ is Frobenius.

You might add to your definition of "SS n -cat":
 all morphisms are fully adjunctionable.

$X \xrightarrow{f} Y$ In 1-cat, Y is simple
 iff $\text{End}(Y) = \mathbb{K} \quad \mathbb{K} = \overline{\mathbb{K}}$.

$\mathcal{C}, Y \in \mathcal{C}$, based loop space $\Omega_{\mathcal{C}} := \text{End}_{\mathcal{C}}(Y), \text{id}_Y$

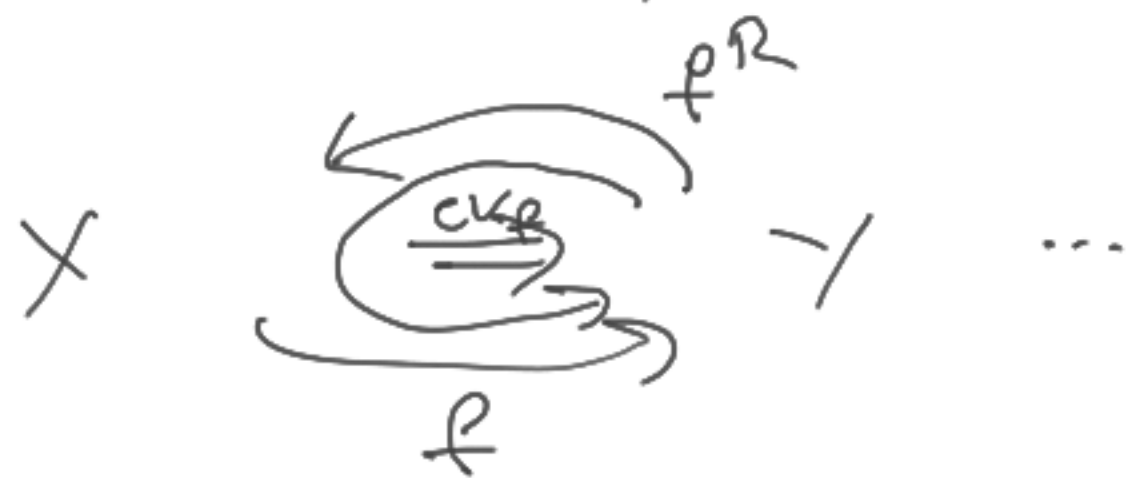
$\Omega_{\mathcal{C}}^n$ is a E_n ring if \mathcal{C} is an n -cat.

Suppose $\Omega_{\mathcal{C}}^n = \mathbb{K}$, and have lots of adjoints.

if lots of dualizability,

start building $X \rightarrow Y$,

Last step: win if $\Omega_{\mathcal{C}}^{n-1} \in 1\text{-cat}$.
 is S.S.



Summary: lots of dualizability \Rightarrow global semisimplicity
 + local semisimplicity
 + \oplus and Idem complet.

\Leftrightarrow Cauchy completion.

S.S. cat \Leftrightarrow Rep (compact gp).

finite S.S. cat \Leftrightarrow Rep (finite gp)

\mathcal{C} is finite S.S. if
 \uparrow
 n-cat

- \oplus , Ker completion
- locally finite S.S.
- ~~finitely many simples~~
~~up to iso~~
- finitely many components.

It is very common for two non-iso
 simples to be related by a non-zero map.

Thm (DR):

↑
 there is an equiv relation.



"components" $\pi_0 \mathcal{C}$

If $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{X}$ finite s.s. $k = \Omega_{\mathcal{X}} \mathcal{C}$ \otimes $n-1$ cat.
 n -cat
 "multifusion $n-1$ cat."
 $A \otimes A \xrightarrow{m} A$ m has adjoint among A -bilinear maps. \rightarrow it might not.

Conj: In characteristic zero,
multifusion n -cats are separable.