

(∞, n) -CATEGORY THEORY – Lyne Moser
Exercises – Atlantic TQFT School 2025

1. EXERCISES FOR LECTURE 1

Exercise 1.1. The goal of this exercise is to understand the structure of an n -category.

Let $\mathcal{C}: \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{Cat}_{n-1}$ be an n -category. Recall that we can define composition and identity functors in Cat_{n-1}

$$c: \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 \xleftarrow{\cong} \mathcal{C}_2 \xrightarrow{\langle 0, 2 \rangle^*} \mathcal{C}_1 \quad \text{and} \quad i: \mathcal{C}_0 \xrightarrow{!^*} \mathcal{C}_1.$$

Using the structure of the category Δ , understand why the following diagrams commute (up to homotopy) in Cat_{n-1}

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} c} & \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 & \cong & \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_0 & \xrightarrow{\mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} i} & \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 & \xleftarrow{i \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1} & \mathcal{C}_0 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 & \cong & \mathcal{C}_1 \\ c \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 \downarrow & & \downarrow c & & & \searrow \text{id}_{\mathcal{C}_1} & \downarrow c & & \swarrow \text{id}_{\mathcal{C}_1} & & \\ \mathcal{C}_1 \times_{\mathcal{C}_0} \mathcal{C}_1 & \xrightarrow{c} & \mathcal{C}_1 & & & & \mathcal{C}_1 & & & & \mathcal{C}_1 \end{array}$$

This gives associativity and unitality for the composition c . You can also try to prove a version of the pentagon axiom using the structure of Δ .

Exercise 1.2. The goal of this exercise is to prove certain classical results about slices that will be used in the next lectures.

Let \mathcal{A} be a category with all finite limits (in particular, terminal objects, products, and pullbacks) and $x \in \mathcal{A}$ be an object. Define the slice category $\mathcal{A}/_x$ to be the following pullback

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathcal{A}/_x & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{F}\text{un}([1], \mathcal{A}) \\ \pi \downarrow & & \downarrow \langle (0)^*, (1)^* \rangle \\ [0] \times \mathcal{A} & \xrightarrow{\{x\} \times \text{id}_{\mathcal{A}}} & \mathcal{A} \times \mathcal{A} \end{array}$$

- (a) Prove that, for all object $p: a \rightarrow x, q: b \rightarrow x$ in $\mathcal{A}/_x$, the mapping groupoid of $\mathcal{A}/_x$ at p, q is given by the following pullback in $\mathcal{G}pd$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Map}_{\mathcal{A}/_x}(a, b) & \longrightarrow & \text{Map}_{\mathcal{A}}(a, b) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow q_* \\ [0] & \xrightarrow{\{p\}} & \text{Map}_{\mathcal{A}}(a, x) \end{array}$$

- (b) Prove that, for every morphism $f: x \rightarrow y$ in \mathcal{A} , we have an adjunction

$$f!: \mathcal{A}/_x \rightleftarrows \mathcal{A}/_y : f^*$$

where $f_!$ is given by postcomposing with f and f^* by taking the pullback along f .

- (c) Deduce that, for every object $x \in \mathcal{A}$, there is an adjunction

$$- \times x: \mathcal{A} \rightleftarrows \mathcal{A}/_x : \pi.$$

Exercise 1.3. Assume that we know that Cat_{n-1} is cartesian closed. Then $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ is also cartesian closed with internal homs denoted by X^A for all $A, X \in Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$. The goal of this exercise is to prove that $(\mathcal{C})\text{Seg}(Cat_{n-1})$ is cartesian closed with internal homs those of $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$.

Let $X \in (\mathcal{C})\text{Seg}(Cat_{n-1})$ be a (complete) Segal object in Cat_{n-1} .

- (a) Prove that the internal hom $X^{[1]}$ in $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ is a (complete) Segal object in Cat_{n-1} .

Hint: Use that the product $[1] \times [m]$ is the colimit of the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} & & [m] & & [m] & & \cdots & & [m] & & [m] \\ & \swarrow & & \searrow & \swarrow & \searrow & & & \swarrow & \searrow & \\ [m+1] & & [m+1] & & [m+1] & & [m+1] & & [m+1] & & [m+1] \end{array}$$

- (b) Prove that the internal hom $X^{[m]}$ in $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ is a (complete) Segal object in Cat_{n-1} .

Hint: Write $[m]$ as a retract of the product $[1]^{\times m}$.

- (c) Prove that, for every object $A \in Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$, the internal hom X^A in $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ is a (complete) Segal object in Cat_{n-1} .
- (d) Deduce that $(\mathcal{C})\text{Seg}(Cat_{n-1})$ is cartesian closed with internal homs those of $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$.

Exercise 1.4. Let $\mathcal{F}in$ be the category of finite sets and maps of sets. Show that the span category $\text{Span}(\mathcal{F}in)$ is **semiadditive**, i.e., it has all finite products and coproducts and they agree.

2. EXERCISES FOR LECTURE 2

Exercise 2.1. The goal of this exercise is to prove that $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}/X$ is tensored, cotensored and enriched over Cat_{n-1} .

- (a) Let $L: \mathcal{A} \rightleftarrows \mathcal{B} : R$ be an adjunction, and let $x \in \mathcal{A}$ be an object. Prove that there is an induced adjunction

$$L: \mathcal{A}/x \rightleftarrows \mathcal{B}/Lx : (\eta_x)^* R$$

where the right adjoint is the composite $\mathcal{B}/Lx \xrightarrow{R} \mathcal{A}/RLx \xrightarrow{\eta_x^*} \mathcal{A}/x$ with the second functor obtained by taking pullbacks along the unit component $\eta_x: x \rightarrow RLx$.

- (b) Given $X \in Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$, show that the functor

$$X \times \text{cst}(-): Cat_{n-1} \rightarrow Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}/X$$

preserves binary products.

- (c) Given $X \in Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$, show that the bifunctor

$$- \otimes -: Cat_{n-1} \times Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}/X \xrightarrow{\text{cst}(-) \times \text{id}} Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}} \times Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}/X \xrightarrow{- \times -} Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}/X.$$

is part of a two-variable adjunction with hom $(n-1)$ -categories and cotensors given by the following pullbacks in Cat_{n-1} and $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ respectively

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Hom}_{Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}/X}(A, B) & \longrightarrow & \text{Hom}_{Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}}(A, B) \\ \downarrow \lrcorner & & \downarrow q_* \\ [0] & \xrightarrow{p} & \text{Hom}_{Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}}(A, X) \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{ccc} q^{\mathcal{Y}} & \longrightarrow & B^{\text{cst } \mathcal{Y}} \\ \downarrow \lrcorner & & \downarrow q_* \\ X & \xrightarrow{!_*} & X^{\text{cst } \mathcal{Y}} \end{array}$$

for all $p: A \rightarrow X, q: B \rightarrow X$ in $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ and all $\mathcal{Y} \in Cat_{n-1}$.

Hint: Use the tensor-cotensor structure of $Cat_{n-1}^{\Delta_{\text{op}}}$ and part (a).

- (d) Prove that if $q: B \rightarrow X$ is a double $(n-1)$ -left fibration, then the cotensor $q^{\mathcal{Y}} \rightarrow X$ is also a double $(n-1)$ -left fibration, for all $\mathcal{Y} \in Cat_{n-1}$.

Definition. Let \mathcal{A} and \mathcal{B} be tensored, enriched, and cotensored enriched categories over $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}$. An n -**adjunction** between their associated n -category $\underline{\mathcal{A}}$ and $\underline{\mathcal{B}}$ is an adjunction $L: \underline{\mathcal{A}} \rightleftarrows \underline{\mathcal{B}}: R$ such that the left adjoint preserves tensors. We write $L: \underline{\mathcal{A}} \rightleftarrows \underline{\mathcal{B}}: R$.

Exercise 2.2. The goal of this exercise is to prove that n -adjunctions between tensored, enriched, and cotensored categories over $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}$ satisfy an expected universal property with respect to hom $(n-1)$ -categories.

Let $L: \underline{\mathcal{A}} \rightleftarrows \underline{\mathcal{B}}: R$ be an n -adjunction as above. Prove that, for all objects $a \in \mathcal{A}$ and $b \in \mathcal{B}$, there is a natural isomorphism in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}$

$$\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{A}}(a, Rb) \cong \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{B}}(La, b).$$

3. EXERCISES FOR LECTURE 3

Definition. A map $f: A \rightarrow B$ in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$ is a **covariant strong deformation retract** if there is a retraction $r: B \rightarrow A$ such that $rf = \text{id}_A$ and a map $h: B \times [1] \rightarrow B$ that fits in the following commutative diagram in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} B & \xrightarrow{\text{id}_B \times \langle 0 \rangle} & B \times [1] & \xleftarrow{\text{id}_B \times \langle 1 \rangle} & B \\ r \downarrow & & \downarrow h & \swarrow \text{id}_B & \\ A & \xrightarrow{f} & B & & \end{array}$$

Exercise 3.1. The goal of this exercise is to prove that covariant strong deformation retracts are covariant equivalences over any base.

- (a) Prove that a map $p: A \rightarrow X$ in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$ is a double $(n-1)$ -left fibration if and only if the following commutative square is a pullback square in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A^{[1]} & \xrightarrow{\langle 0 \rangle^*} & A \\ p_* \downarrow & & \downarrow p \\ X^{[1]} & \xrightarrow{\langle 0 \rangle^*} & X \end{array}$$

- (b) Given maps $f: A \rightarrow B$ and $B \times [1] \rightarrow X$ in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$, the map

$$g := (f \times \text{id}_{[1]}) + (\text{id}_B \times \langle 0 \rangle): (A \times [1]) \amalg_A B \rightarrow B \times [1]$$

is a double $(n-1)$ -covariant equivalence over X .

Hint: Prove that the following commutative square is a pullback square in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}$

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}}(B \times [1], C) & \xrightarrow{g^*} & \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}}((A \times [1]) \amalg_A B, C) \\ p_* \downarrow & & \downarrow p_* \\ \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}}(B \times [1], X) & \xrightarrow{g^*} & \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}}((A \times [1]) \amalg_A B, X) \end{array}$$

and use Exercise 2.1 (c).

- (c) Prove that, if $f: A \rightarrow B$ is a covariant strong deformation retract in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$ and $B \rightarrow X$ is a map in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta\text{op}}$, then f is a double $(n-1)$ -covariant equivalence over X .

Hint: Prove that f is a retract of a map as in (b).

Exercise 3.2. Prove the following key lemma used in the proof of the Yoneda lemma.

Given an n -category \mathcal{C} and a functor $F: \mathcal{D} \rightarrow \mathcal{E}$ in $\mathcal{C}at_n$, consider a commutative square in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta_{op}}$ as below left, where p and q are double $(n-1)$ -left fibrations.

$$\begin{array}{ccc} A & \xrightarrow{f} & B \\ p \downarrow & & \downarrow q \\ \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{D} & \xrightarrow{\text{id}_{\mathcal{C}} \times F} & \mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{E} \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{ccc} \{x\} \times_{\mathcal{C}} A & \xrightarrow{\{x\} \times_{\mathcal{C}} f} & \{x\} \times_{\mathcal{C}} B \\ \{x\} \times_{\mathcal{C}} p \downarrow & & \downarrow \{x\} \times_{\mathcal{C}} q \\ \mathcal{D} & \xrightarrow{F} & \mathcal{E} \end{array}$$

Prove that f is a double $(n-1)$ -covariant equivalence over $\mathcal{C} \times \mathcal{E}$ if and only if, for every object $x \in \mathcal{C}$, the map $\{x\} \times_{\mathcal{C}} f$ (as above right) is a double $(n-1)$ -covariant equivalence over \mathcal{E} .

Hint: Use Quillen's Theorem A and that taking the pullback along a double $(n-1)$ -left fibrations over an n -category preserves double $(n-1)$ -contravariant equivalences.

4. EXERCISES FOR LECTURE 4

Exercise 4.1. The equivalence of (i) and (ii) in (a) and the result in (b) were applied to the n -Yoneda functor $y_{\mathcal{C}}: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow [\mathcal{C}^{op}, \mathcal{C}at_{n-1}]$ to prove that it is fully faithful and the n -Yoneda Lemma.

(a) Prove that the following are equivalent for a functor $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ in $\mathcal{C}at_n$:

- (i) it is fully faithful;
- (ii) the following square is a pullback square in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta_{op}}$;

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{T}w(\mathcal{C}) & \xrightarrow{\mathbb{T}w(F)} & \mathbb{T}w(\mathcal{D}) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{F^{op} \times F} & \mathcal{D}^{op} \times \mathcal{D} \end{array}$$

- (iii) the functor $F^{op}: \mathcal{C}^{op} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}^{op}$ is fully faithful;
- (iv) the functor $F_!: [\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}at_{n-1}] \rightarrow [\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{C}at_{n-1}]$ is fully faithful, where $F_!$ is the composite

$$[\mathcal{C}, \mathcal{C}at_{n-1}] \cong \underline{\mathcal{D}bl\mathcal{L}Fib}(\mathcal{C}) \hookrightarrow \mathcal{C}at_{n-1/\mathcal{C}}^{\Delta_{op}} \xrightarrow{F_!} \mathcal{C}at_{n-1/\mathcal{D}}^{\Delta_{op}} \xrightarrow{L_{\mathcal{D}}^{\mathcal{E}}} \underline{\mathcal{D}bl\mathcal{L}Fib}(\mathcal{D}) \cong [\mathcal{D}, \mathcal{C}at_{n-1}].$$

(b) Given a functor $F: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$ in $\mathcal{C}at_n$, define u_F to be the unique map given by the universal property of pullbacks making the following diagram commute in $\mathcal{C}at_{n-1}^{\Delta_{op}}$, and prove that it is a double $(n-1)$ -covariant equivalence over $\mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{D}$. **Hint:** Use Exercise 3.2.

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} & & \mathbb{T}w(F) & & \\ & & \curvearrowright & & \\ \mathbb{T}w(\mathcal{C}) & \overset{u_F}{\dashrightarrow} & \int_{\mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{D}} \text{Hom}_{\mathcal{D}}(F(-), -) & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{T}w(\mathcal{D}) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \lrcorner & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{C} & \xrightarrow{\text{id}_{\mathcal{C}^{op}} \times F} & \mathcal{C}^{op} \times \mathcal{D} & \xrightarrow{F^{op} \times \text{id}_{\mathcal{D}}} & \mathcal{D}^{op} \times \mathcal{D} \end{array}$$

Exercise 4.2. Given a functor $F: \mathcal{J} \rightarrow \mathcal{C}$ in $\mathcal{C}at_n$ and an object $j \in \mathcal{J}$, prove that

(a) the $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{J}}(j, -)$ -weighted n -limit of F exists, and can be computed as

$$\lim_{\mathcal{J}}^{\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{J}}(j, -)} F \cong Fj.$$

(b) the $\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{J}}(-, j)$ -weighted n -colimit of F exists, and can be computed as

$$\text{colim}_{\mathcal{J}}^{\text{Hom}_{\mathcal{J}}(-, j)} F \cong Fj.$$